



Tackling Extremism & Radicalisation **Policy**

September 2015

This policy should be read with the following policies;

- **Safeguarding & Child Protection Policy**
- **Equality Policy**
- **Anti-Bullying Policy**
- **Positive Behaviour Management Policy**
- **E-Safety Policy**
- **PREVENT Strategy HM Gov**
- **Keeping Children Safe in Education DfE 2014**
- **Working Together to Safeguard Children HM Gov 2013**

Agreed by:	Governing Body
Review date:	September 2016
Previous review date:	N/A - New Policy

1. POLICY STATEMENT

Montgomery Infant School and Nursery is fully committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of all its pupils. Every member of staff recognises that safeguarding against radicalisation and extremism is no different to safeguarding against any other vulnerability in today's society. The Tackling Extremism and Radicalisation Policy sets out our beliefs, strategies and procedures to protect vulnerable individuals from being radicalised or exposed to extremist views, by identifying who they are and promptly providing them with support.

2. LINKS TO OTHER POLICIES

The Montgomery Infant School and Nursery Tackling Extremism and Radicalisation Policy links to the following Montgomery Infant School and Nursery policies;

- Child Protection and Safeguarding
- Equality Policy
- Positive Behaviour Management Policy
- E-Safety Policy.

The following national guidelines should also be read when working with this policy;

- PREVENT Strategy HM Government
- Keeping Children Safe in Education DfE 2014
- Working Together to Safeguard Children HM Government 2013.

3. AIMS AND PRINCIPLES

3.1 The Montgomery Infant School and Nursery Tackling Extremism and Radicalisation Policy is intended to provide a framework for dealing with issues relating to vulnerability, radicalisation and exposure to extreme views. We recognise that we are well placed to be able to identify safeguarding issues and this policy clearly sets out how the school will deal with such incidents and identifies how the curriculum and ethos underpins our actions.

3.2 The objectives are that:

- All governors, teachers, teaching assistants and non-teaching staff will have an understanding of what radicalisation and extremism are and why we need to be vigilant in school.
- All governors, teachers, teaching assistants and non-teaching staff will know what the school policy is on tackling extremism and radicalisation and will follow the policy guidance swiftly when issues arise.
- All pupils will be taught about extremism and radicalization but their understanding will be age appropriate. Inherent learning will take place through the PSED and RE curriculums.
- All parents/carers and pupils will know that the school has policies in place to keep pupils safe from harm and that the school regularly reviews its systems to ensure they are appropriate and effective.

3.3 The main aims of this policy are to ensure that staff are fully engaged in being vigilant about radicalisation; that they overcome professional disbelief that such issues will not

happen here and ensure that we work alongside other professional bodies and agencies to ensure that our pupils are safe from harm.

4. DEFINITIONS AND INDICATORS

- 4.1 Radicalisation is defined as the act or process of making a person more radical or favouring of extreme or fundamental changes in political, economic or social conditions, institutions or habits of the mind.
- 4.2 Extremism is defined as the holding of extreme political or religious views.
- 4.3 There are a number of behaviours which may indicate a child is at risk of being radicalised or exposed to extreme views. These include;
- Spending increasing time in the company of other suspected extremists.
 - Changing their style of dress or personal appearance to accord with the group.
 - Day-to-day behaviour becoming increasingly centred on an extremist ideology, group or cause.
 - Loss of interest in other friends and activities not associated with the extremist ideology, group or cause.
 - Possession of materials or symbols associated with an extremist cause.
 - Attempts to recruit others to the group/cause.
 - Communications with others that suggests identification with a group, cause or ideology.
 - Using insulting to derogatory names for another group.
 - Increase in prejudice-related incidents committed by that person – these may include;
 - physical or verbal assault
 - provocative behaviour
 - damage to property
 - derogatory name calling
 - possession of prejudice-related materials
 - prejudice related ridicule or name calling
 - inappropriate forms of address
 - refusal to co-operate
 - attempts to recruit to prejudice-related organisations
 - condoning or supporting violence towards others.

5. PROCEDURES FOR REFERRALS

- 5.1 Although serious incidents involving radicalisation have not occurred at Montgomery Infant School and Nursery to date, it is important for us to be constantly vigilant and remain fully informed about the issues which affect the local area, city and society in which we teach. Staff are reminded to suspend any ‘professional disbelief’ that instances of radicalisation ‘could not happen here’ and to be ‘professionally inquisitive’ where concerns arise, referring any concerns through the appropriate channels. (See appendix 1 – Dealing with referrals)
- 5.2 We believe that it is possible to intervene to protect people who are vulnerable. **Early intervention is vital** and staff must be aware of the established processes for front line

professionals to refer concerns about individuals and/or groups. We must have the confidence to challenge, the confidence to intervene and ensure that we have strong safeguarding practices based on the most up-to-date guidance and best practise.

- 5.3 The Head Teacher and SENCO are trained as Designated Senior Leaders for Child Protection and Safeguarding and will deal swiftly with any referrals made by staff or with concerns reported by staff.
- 5.4 An appropriate senior member of staff, along with the Head Teacher will discuss the course of action on a case-by-case basis and will decide when a referral to external agencies is needed (see appendix 1 – Dealing with referrals)
- 5.5 As with any child protection referral, staff must be made aware that if they do not agree with a decision not to refer, they can make the referral themselves and will be given the contact details to do this via the safeguarding board in the staffroom.

6. GOVERNORS, LEADERS AND STAFF

- 6.1 The Head Teacher and all members of the SMT are the leaders for referrals relating to extremism and radicalisation. In the unlikely event that no SLT members and the Head Teacher are not available, all staff know the channels by which to make referrals via the safeguarding board in the staffroom.
- 6.2 Staff will be fully briefed about what to do if they are concerned about the possibility of radicalisation relating to a pupil, or if they need to discuss specific children whom they consider to be vulnerable to radicalisation or extremist views.
- 6.3 The SLT will work in conjunction with the Head Teacher, SENCO and external agencies to decide the best course of action to address concerns which arise.
- 6.4 Prejudicial behaviour can be a factor in radicalisation and extremism. With this in mind, Montgomery Infant School and Nursery has updated procedures for dealing with prejudicial behaviour, as outlined in the Positive Behaviour Policy and Equality Policy.

7. THE ROLE OF THE CURRICULUM

- 7.1 We believe that all children are of equal importance and that each child has the right to learn without disruption and to feel secure and happy. This is reflected in our broad and varied curriculum, where we strive to create an inclusive culture.
- 7.2 It is recognised that children with low aspirations are more vulnerable to radicalisation and therefore we strive to equip our pupils with confidence, self-belief, respect and tolerance as well as setting high standards and expectations for themselves.
- 7.3 Children are regularly taught about how to stay safe when using the internet and are encouraged to recognise that people are not always who they say they are online. They

are taught to seek adult help if they are upset or concerned about anything they read or see on the internet.

8. STAFF TRAINING

- 8.1 Annual staff training occurs. We will ensure that our staff are fully aware of the threats, risks and vulnerabilities that are linked to radicalisation; are aware of the process of radicalisation and how this might be identified early on and are aware of how we can provide support as a school to ensure that our children are resilient and able to resist involvement in radical or extreme activities.

9. VISITORS AND THE USE OF SCHOOL PREMISES

- 9.1 If any member of staff wishes to invite a visitor into the school, it must be recorded as a “deregulated activity” if it is a “one-off” visit. People who visit the school more than once a month must be recorded as an “inregulated activity”, and DBS checks carried out. Children are NEVER left unsupervised with external visitors, regardless of safeguarding check outcomes.
- 9.2 Upon arriving at the school, all visitors including contractors, will read the safeguarding guidance and be made aware of who the DSLs are and how to report any concerns which they may experience.
- 9.3 If any agreement is made to allow non-school groups or organisations to use the premises, appropriate checks will be made before agreeing the contract. Usage will be monitored and in the event of any behaviour not in-keeping with the Tackling Extremism and Radicalisation Policy, the school will contact the police and terminate the contract.

10. ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

- 10.1 See Appendix 2 for further reading and Appendix 3 for a copy of the leaflet given to visitors.

11. POLICY REVIEW

- 11.1 The Montgomery Infant School and Nursery “Tackling Extremism and Radicalisation” Policy will be reviewed annually as part of the overall Child Protection and Safeguarding policy review.

This policy will be ratified by the Governing Body in October 2015

Signed Chair of Govenors Date:

This policy will be reviewed on or before the following date: October 2016

Appendix 1 – Dealing with referrals

We are aware of the potential indicating factors that a child is vulnerable to being radicalised or exposed to extreme views, including peer pressure, influence from other people or the internet, bullying, crime and anti-social behaviour, family tensions, race/hate crime, lack of self-esteem or identity, prejudicial behaviour and personal or political grievances

In the event of prejudicial behaviour the following system will be followed;

- All incidents of prejudicial behaviour will be reported directly to the Head Teacher or SMT.
- All incidents will be fully investigated and recorded in line with the Positive Behaviour Policy and records will be kept in line with procedures for any other safeguarding incident.
- Parents/carers will be contacted and the incident discussed in detail, aiming to identify motivating factors, any changes in circumstances at home, parental views of the incident and to assess whether the incident is serious enough to warrant a further referral. A note of this meeting is kept alongside the initial referral in the Safeguarding folder.
- The SLT follow-up any referrals for a period of four weeks after the incident to assess whether there is a change in behaviour and/or attitude. A further meeting with parents would be held if there is not a significant positive change in behaviour.
- If deemed necessary, serious incidents will be discussed and referred to Essex County Council and the police (email PREVENT@essex.pnn.police.uk). Non-emergency enquiries should call 101.
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Appendix 2 - Additional materials (Available in Staffroom, on school website or by searching online)

- The Prevent Strategy, GOV.UK – Home Office
- Keeping Children Safe in Education DfE 2014
- Working Together to Safeguard Children HM Gov 2013
- Learning Together to be Safe: a Toolkit to Help Schools Contribute to the Prevention of Violent Extremism was published in 2008 by the Department for Children, Schools and Families (DCSF), a predecessor of the Department for Education.
- NSPCC website

Appendix 3 – Safeguarding Leaflet (available to all visitors)

